



4<sup>th</sup> European COMSOL conference  
17–19 November 2010, Versailles, France

# Magnetic Stimulation of the Human Brain with Low-Intensity Field

*MSc D. Lazutkin<sup>1</sup>, Dr. A. Harkara<sup>2</sup>, and Prof. Dr. P. Husar<sup>1</sup>*

<sup>1</sup> Ilmenau University of Technology, Germany

<sup>2</sup> Simpleware Limited, United Kingdom

# Project overview



→ Motivation: WHO reports, under-researched area  
→ Novelty: hand-held device, new ways of modeling

[1–4]

# First stage: materials and methods

Objective: model → technical specification

## Underlying theory

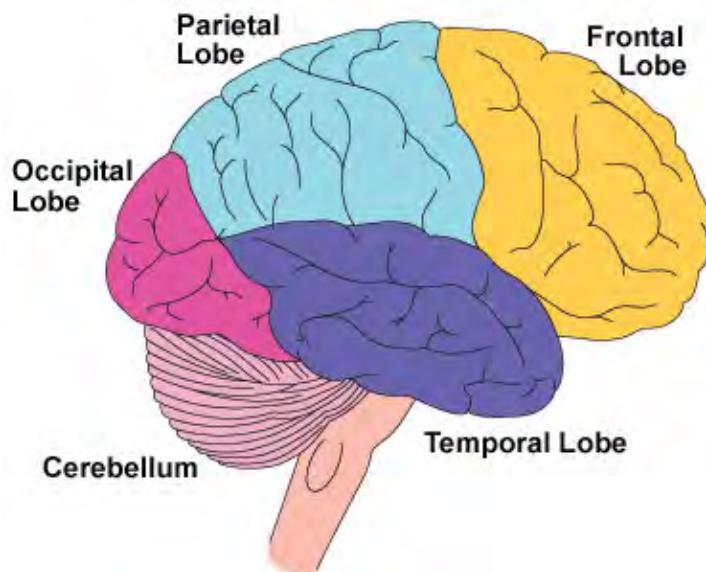
- ① E/M field
- ② FE-analysis
- ③ Segmentation

## Implementation

- ① TMS in COMSOL
- ② LFMS in COMSOL
- ③ Head in Simpleware
- ④ Validation in phantom

# Transcranial magnetic stimulation

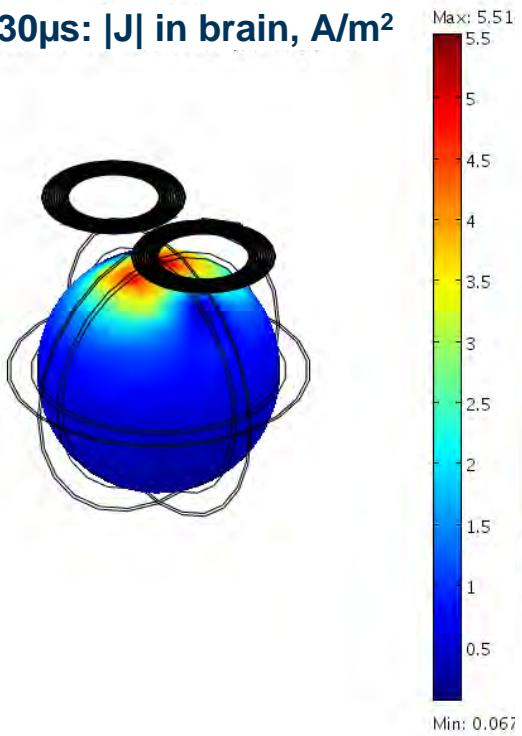
- Coils: circular, eight-shaped
- Sites: frontal and temporal lobes
- $I_{\text{peak}} = 5\text{--}10 \text{ kA}$  at  $100 \mu\text{s}$
- $B_{\text{coil}} = 1\text{--}5 \text{ T}$
- $E_{\text{head}} = 100 \text{ V/m}$  average
- $J_{\text{brain}} = \text{up to } 1 \text{ A/m}^2$



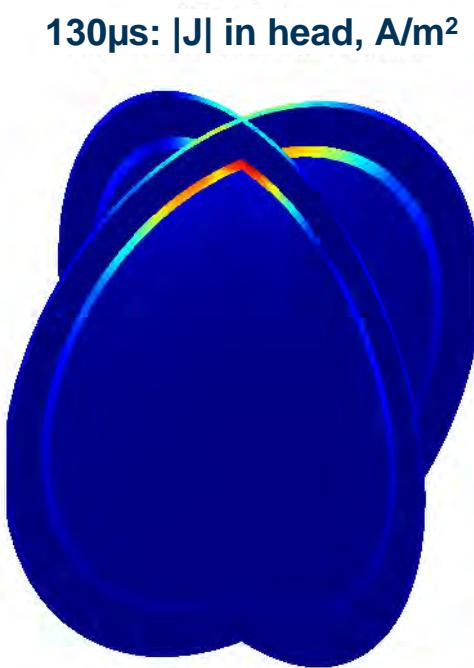
[5]

# TMS model

130 $\mu$ s:  $|J|$  in brain, A/m<sup>2</sup>



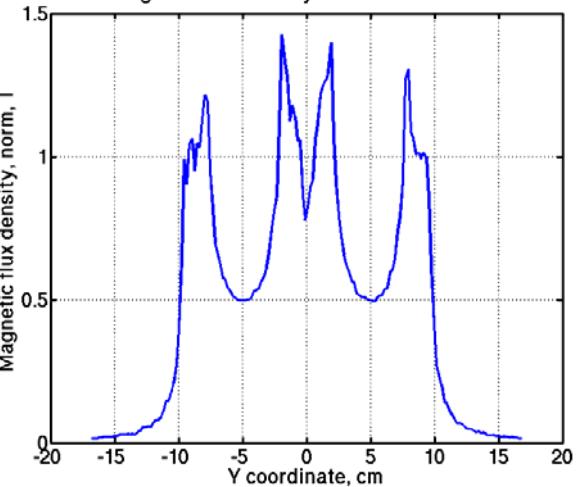
130 $\mu$ s:  $|J|$  in head, A/m<sup>2</sup>



Max: 54.519

55  
50  
45  
40  
35  
30  
25  
20  
15  
10  
5  
Min: 3.985e-3

Magnetic flux density 1 mm below the coil



Server farm, 9 Gb RAM, ~2m linear mesh, >2m DOFs, 8 hours

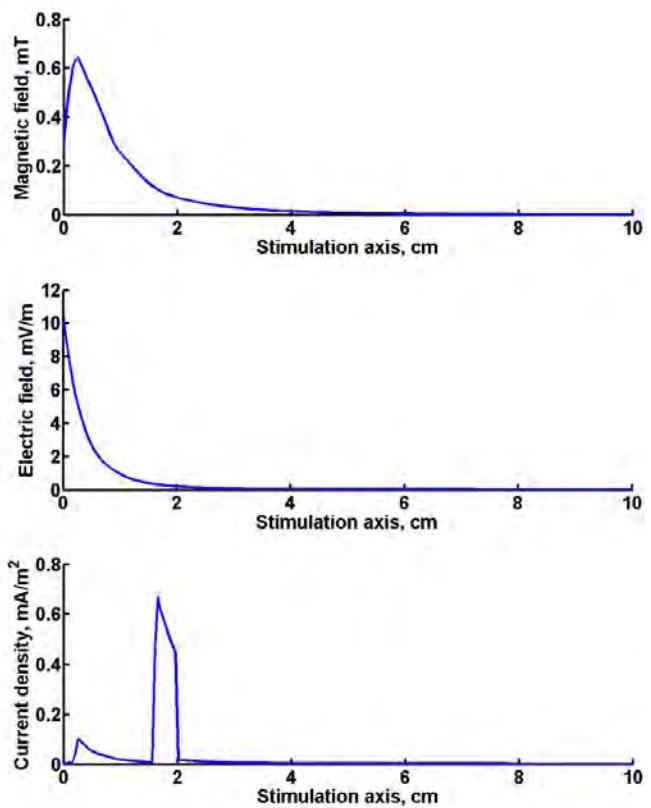
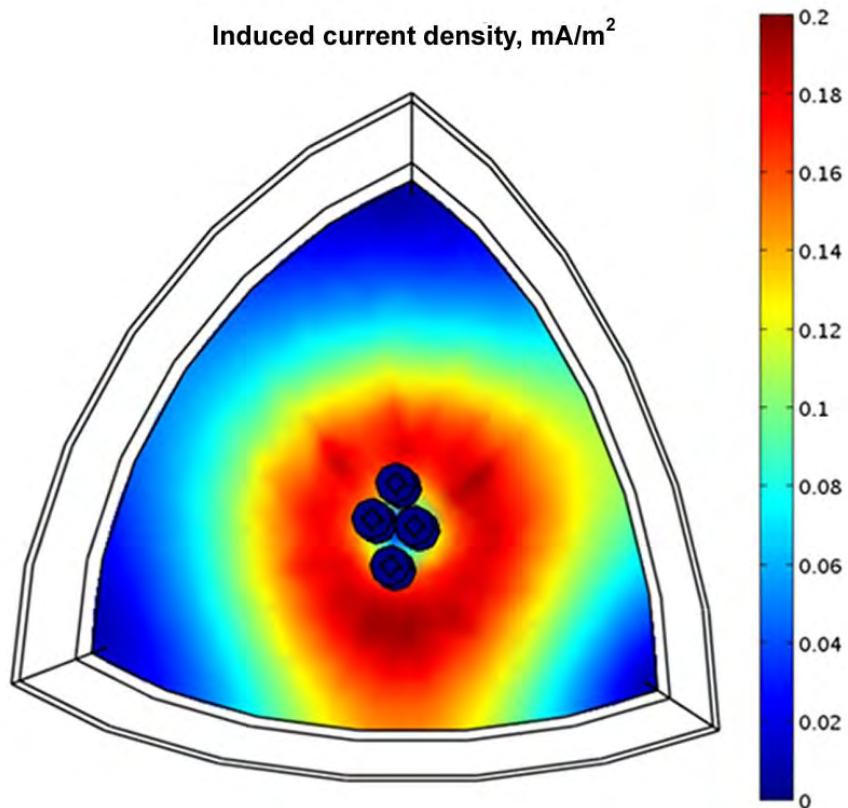
# Low-field magnetic stimulation

- Several small coils
- Frontal and temporal lobes
- $I_{\text{peak}} = 1\text{--}10 \text{ A}$  at 1 kHz
- $B_{\text{coil}} = 1\text{--}5 \text{ mT}$
- $E_{\text{head}} = 100 \text{ mV/m}$  average
- $J_{\text{brain}} = \text{up to } 1 \text{ mA/m}^2$



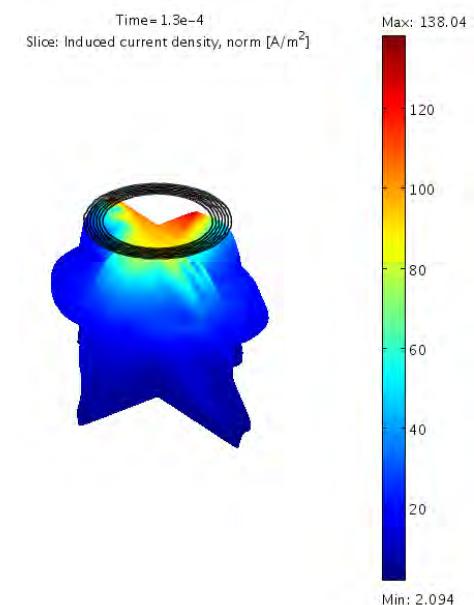
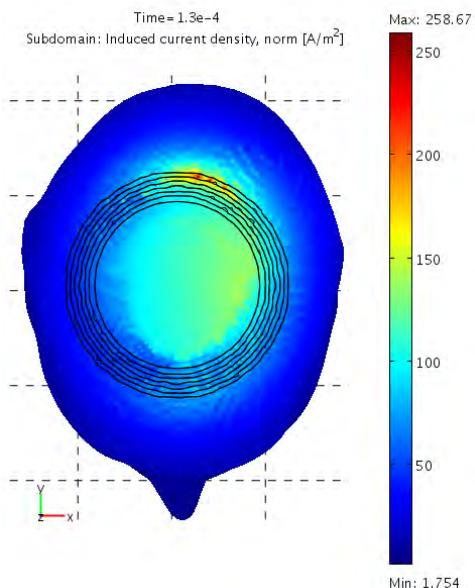
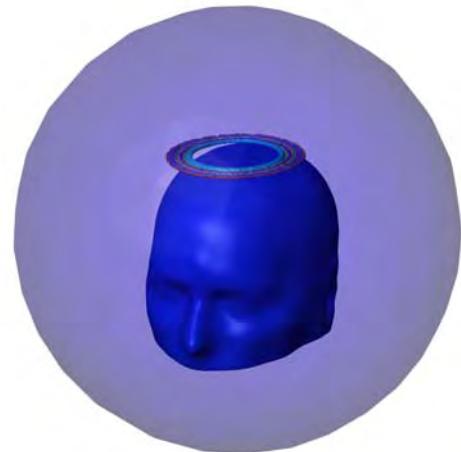
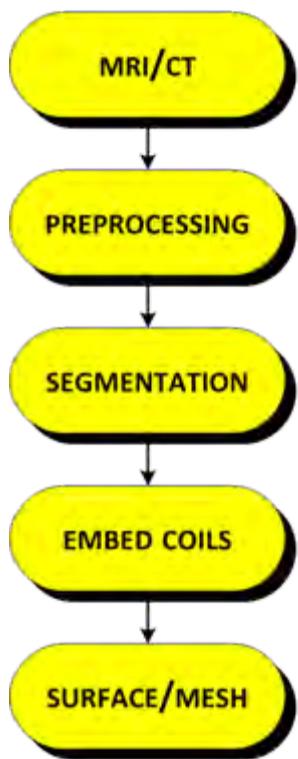
[6]

# LFMS model



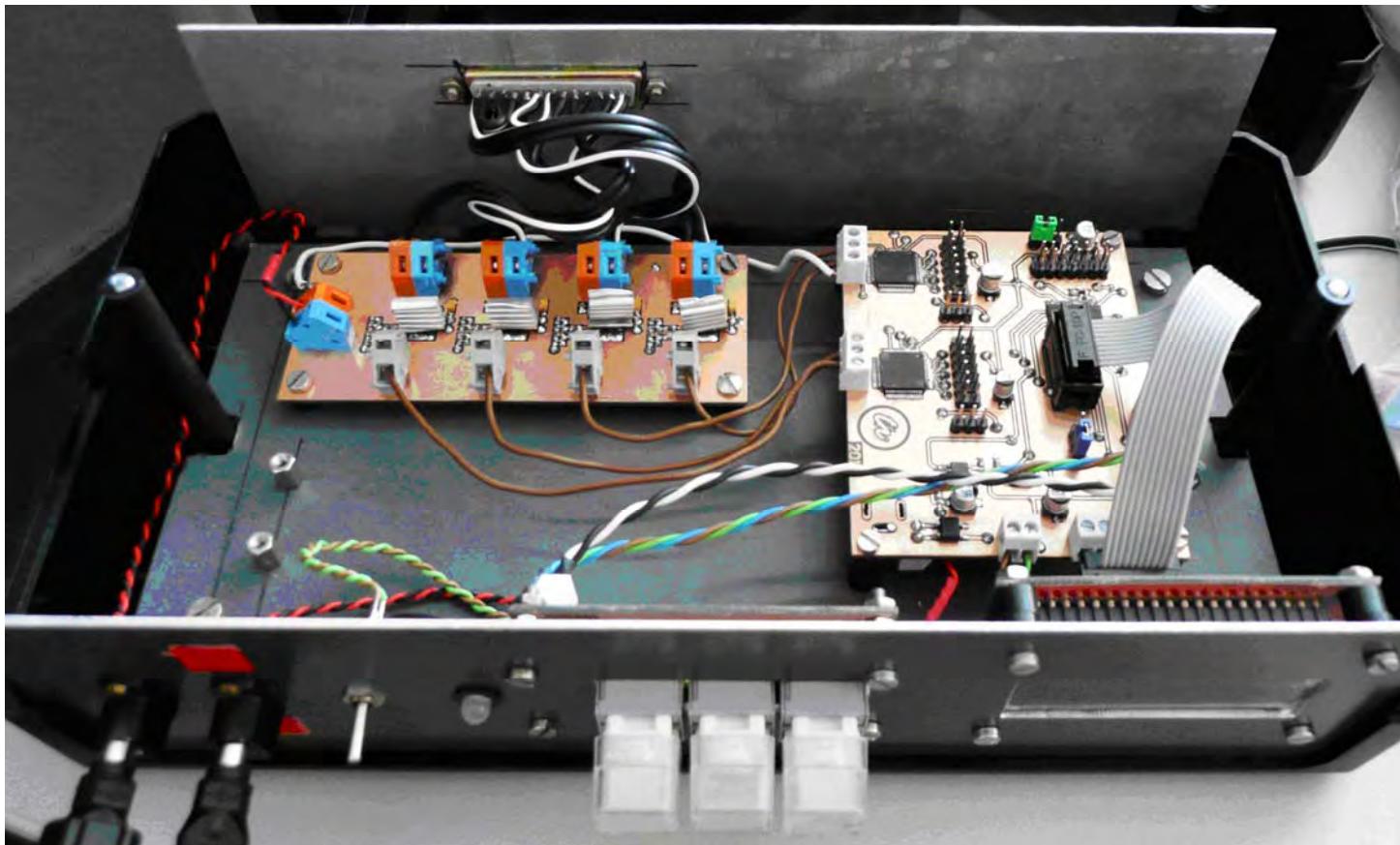
Server farm, 26 Gb RAM, ~50k quadratic mesh, ~400k DOFs, 19.5 hours

# Head model



8x2.4GHz CPU, 15Gb RAM, 2mm<sup>3</sup> voxel, ~7m linear mesh, >8m DOFs

# Stimulator prototype



The work of Daniel Laqua

[7]

# Conclusion

- **Literature review:** no models of LFMS, worth it
- **Obtained results:** TMS and LFMS models
- **Work in progress:** human head model
- **Contributions:** technical specification draft
- **Future plans:** inverse study and validation

A wide-angle photograph of a beach at sunset. The sky is filled with dramatic, billowing clouds illuminated from below by the setting sun, casting a warm orange and yellow glow. The ocean waves are breaking onto the shore, creating white foam. In the foreground, a large, dark piece of driftwood stands upright in the wet sand. A white, rounded rectangular box containing the text is centered in the upper half of the image.

**Thank you for your attention!**

# References

- [1] Sabate E. Depression in young people and the elderly. *The World Health Organization*. 2004.
- [2] Adair RK. Constraints on biological effects of weak extremely-low frequency electromagnetic fields. *Phys Rev A*. 1991;43(2):1039-48.
- [3] Kirschvink JL. Comment on constraints on biological effects of weak extremely-low-frequency electromagnetic fields. *Phys Rev A*. 1992;46(4):2178-84.
- [4] Berg H. Problems of weak electromagnetic field effects in cell biology. *Bioelectrochem Bioenerg*. 1999;48(2):355-60.
- [5] Jalinous R. The guide to magnetic stimulation. *The Magstim Company Limited*. 2006.
- [6] Rohan M, et al. Low-field magnetic stimulation in bipolar depression using an MRI-based stimulator. *Am J Psychiatry*. 2004;161:93-8.
- [7] Lazutkin D, Laqua D, Husar P. Modeling of low-field magnetic stimulation of the human brain. *55<sup>th</sup> International Scientific Colloquium*. 2010;497-500.