

# Forces on Parallel Three-phase AC-conductors During a Phase to Ground Fault

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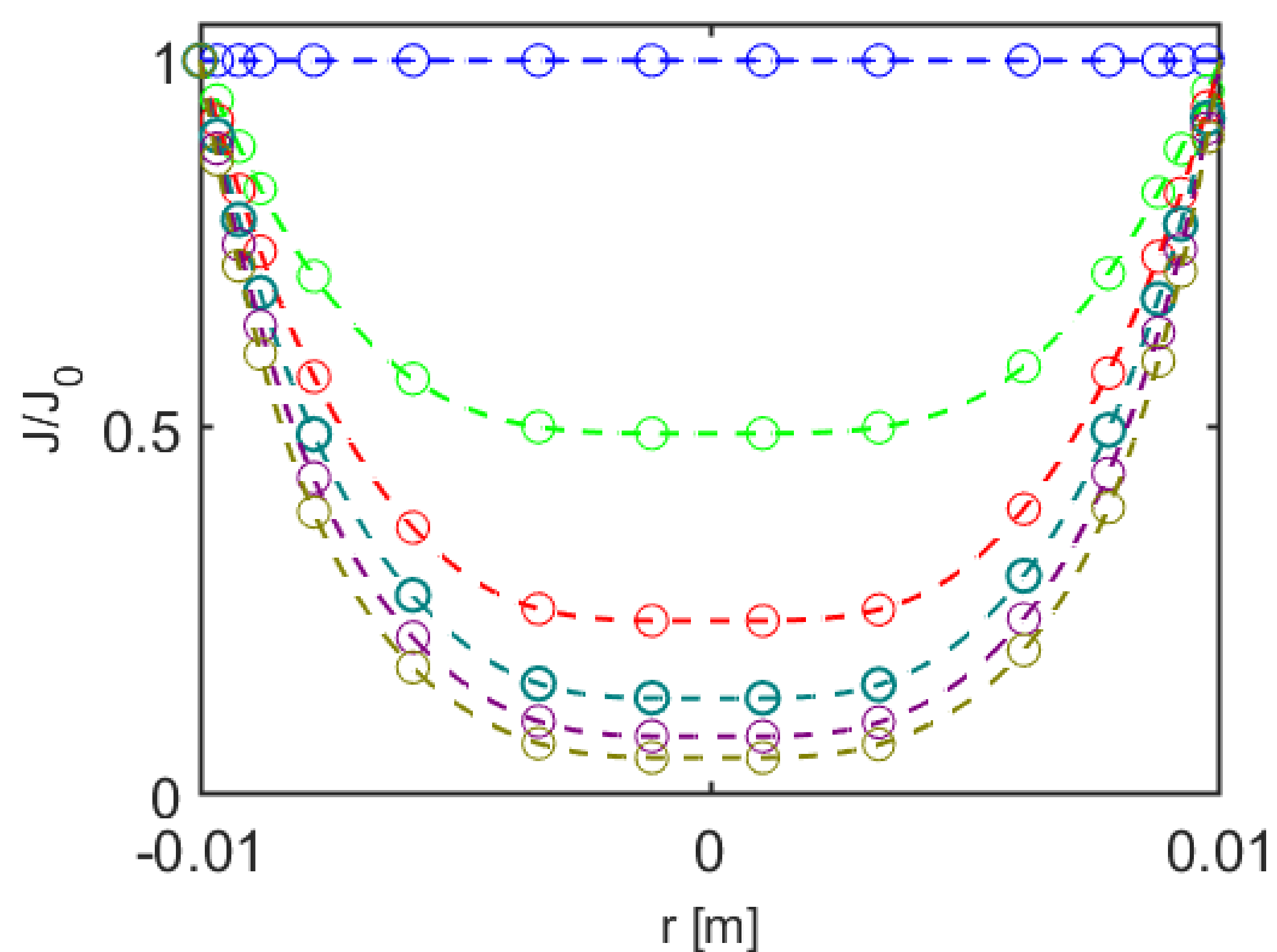
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**INTRODUCTION:** We calculate forces on parallel AC conductors, as is present in various electrical installations e.g. in substations [1], see an example in Fig. 1. Including the skin effect due to the AC-currents and the relatively large cross sections, forces on each of the conductors are calculated and studied as function of the geometry for a phase to ground fault.



**Figure 1.** An ABB static var compensator outside Dallas, US. The three conductors to the left motivates the geometry considered (Fig. 3). Picture by ABB.

**THEORY:** AC produces alternating magnetic fields which induces eddy currents in the conductor. As a result the majority of charge transport occurs close to the surface of the conductor (Fig. 2). This is known as the skin effect.



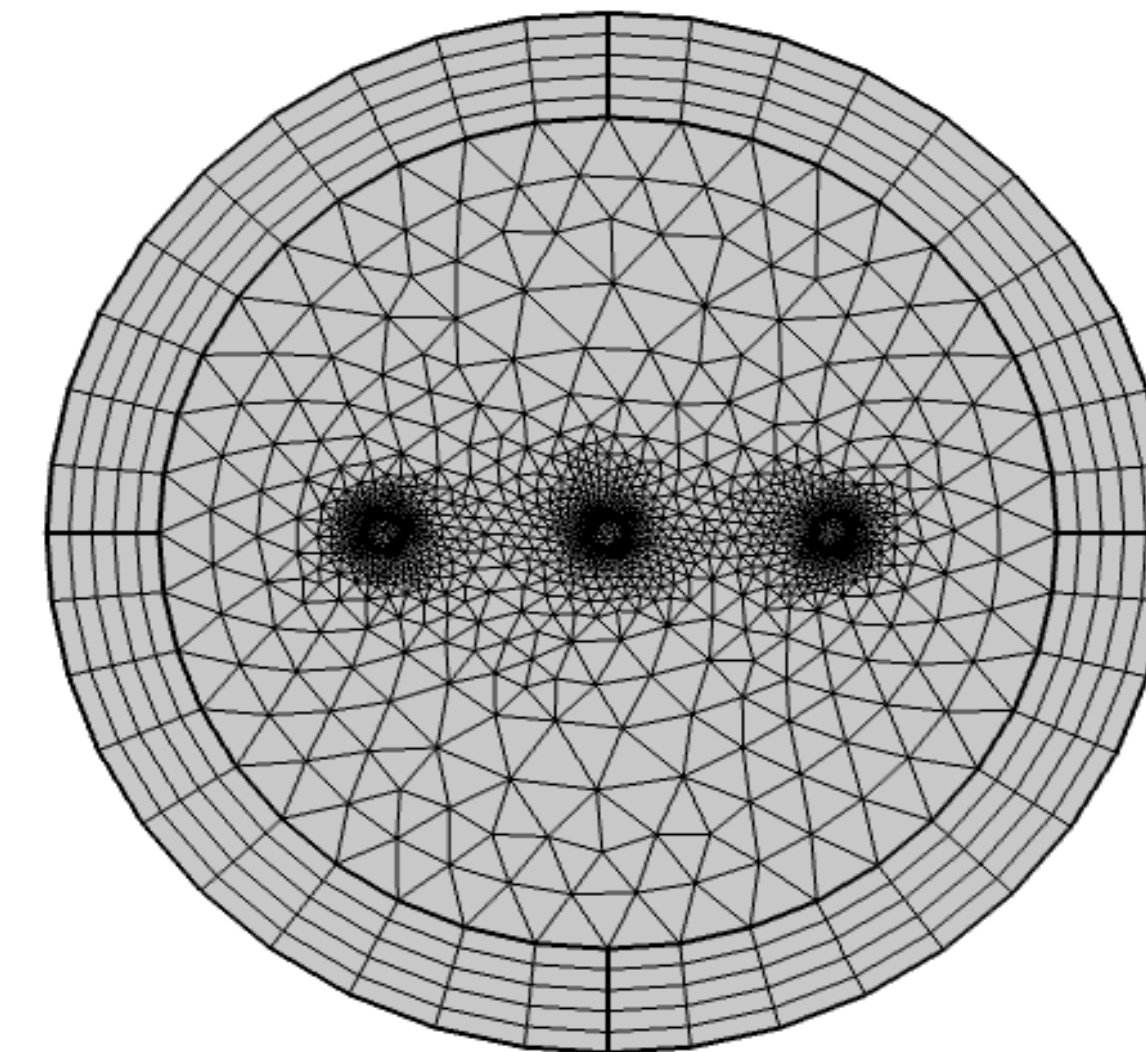
**Figure 2.** Normalized current densities for AC of different frequencies, top line for  $f=0$  (DC), lowest curve is for  $f=1.0$  kHz. Dashed curves are from analytic formulae [2], while circles shows results from COMSOL®.

A phase to ground fault is simulated with the Magnetic Fields interface from COMSOL Multiphysics® using a 2D cross-section of the wires and the surrounding air (Fig. 3). The governing equations are those of Ampère's Law:

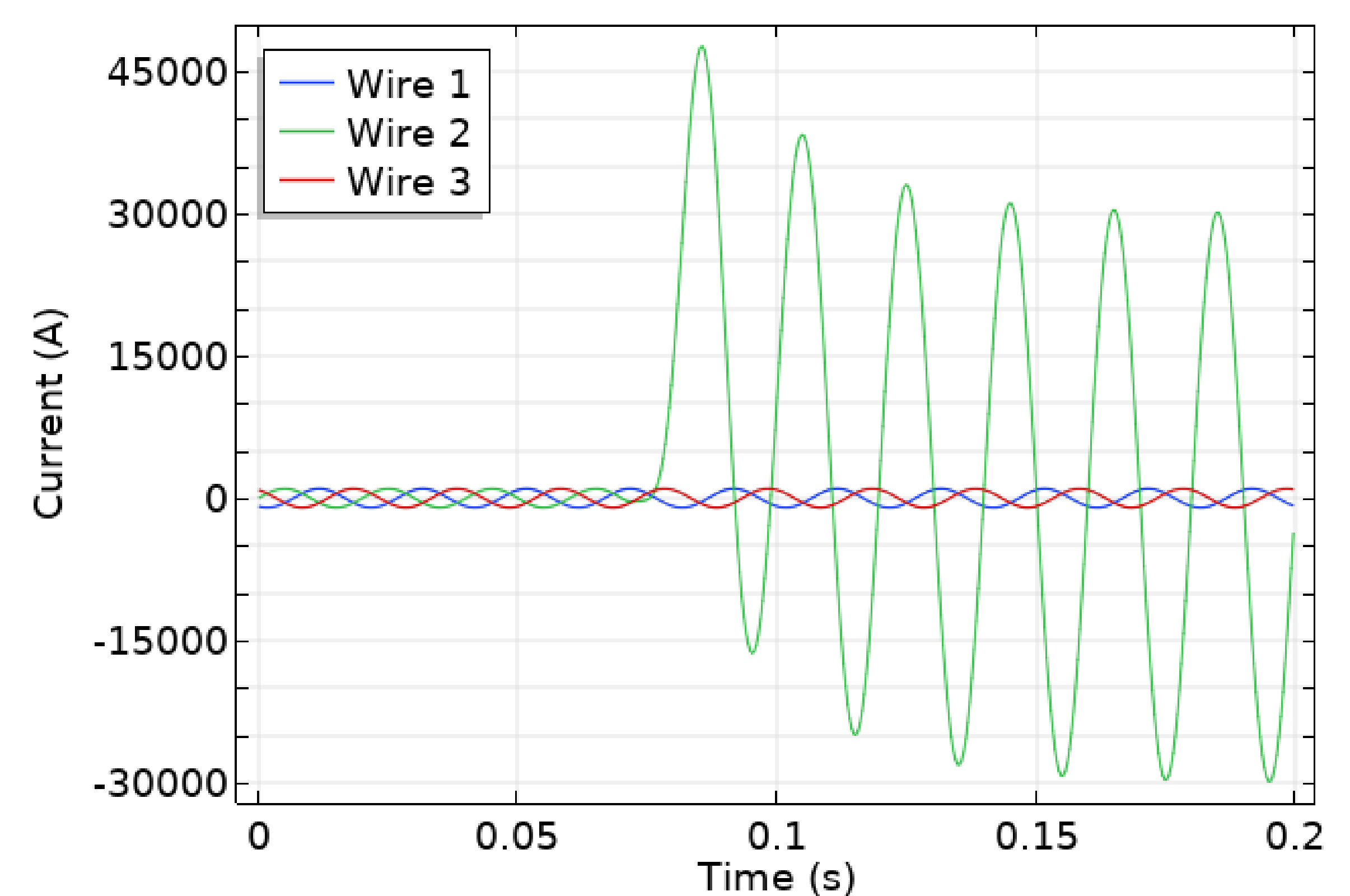
$$\nabla \times \mathbf{H} = \mathbf{J}, \mathbf{B} = \nabla \times \mathbf{A}, \mathbf{J} = \sigma \mathbf{E}$$

The simulated currents are shown in Fig. 4 and the forces between the wires are calculated by integrating the Maxwell surface stress tensor.

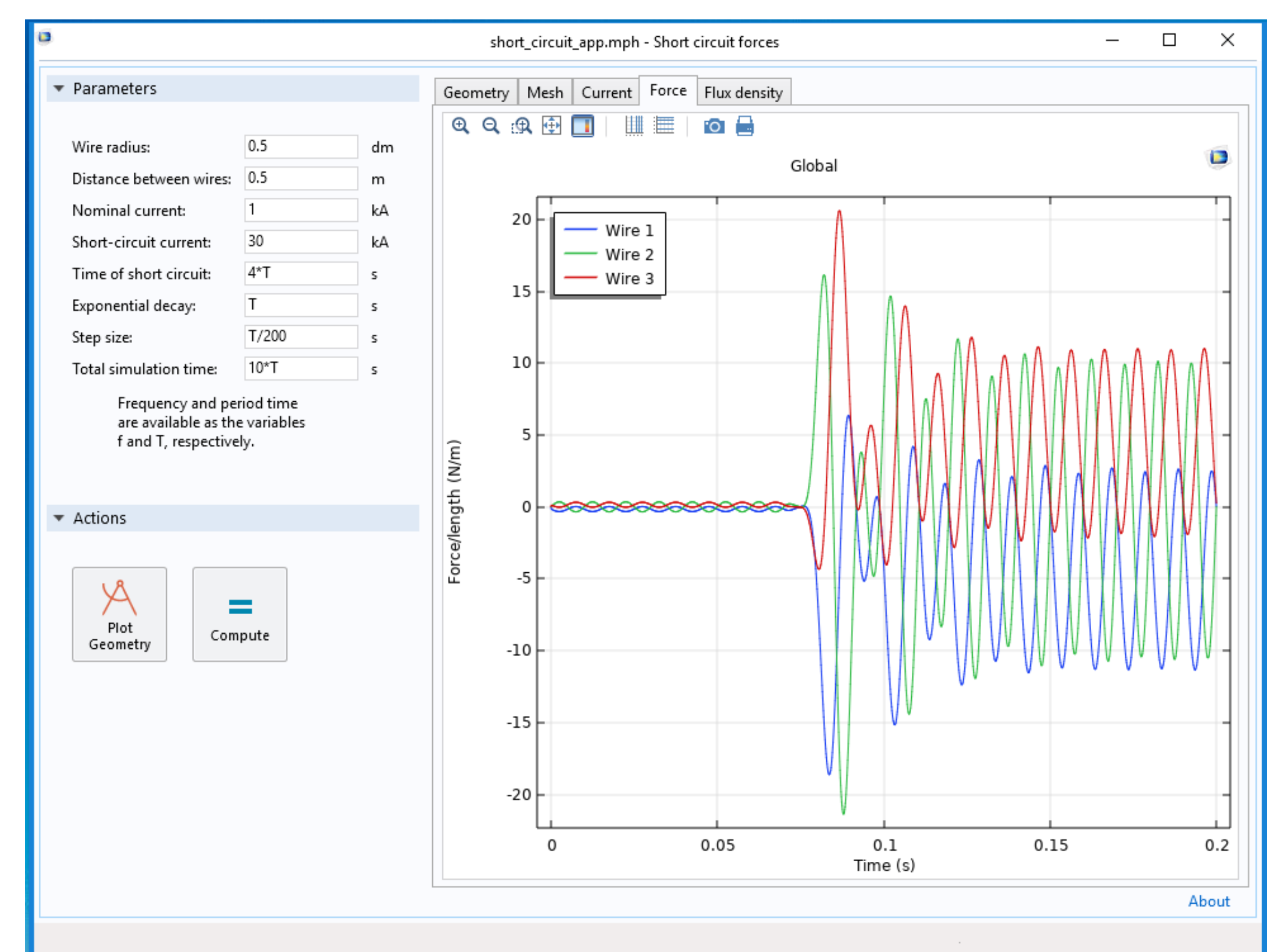
**RESULTS:** After stepwise numerical benchmarking, reported in the conference paper, we finally create a Simulation App for calculating forces on the conductors [3] during a non-trivial short circuit event.



**Figure 3.** Example mesh for a cross section of the AC-conductors, Fig. 1.



**Figure 4.** Currents applied to the three wires.



**Figure 5.** Simulation App for the electric power industry showing the calculated forces.

**CONCLUSIONS:** Forces on conductors in a substation during a phase to ground fault can be calculated in a time dependent study with the AC/DC Module. Finally, we have created a Simulation App for the electric power industry.

## REFERENCES:

1. IEEE Standard C37.12-2008 - IEEE Guide for Bus Design in Air Insulated Substations.
2. Jordan, Edward Conrad (1968), *Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems*, Prentice Hall, ISBN 978-0-13-249995-8.
3. [www.comsol.se/model/electromagnetic-forces-on-parallel-current-carrying-wires-131](http://www.comsol.se/model/electromagnetic-forces-on-parallel-current-carrying-wires-131)